



DEMO

110 Wild Basin Rd Austin TX 78746 (512) 334-5490

Patient Name: Spondy, Steve
DOB: 03/03/1982
Date of Imaging: 6/21/2016
Referring Physician: OKI_Admin_MD G Malcolmson

Lumbar Spine Motion X-ray Disability Assessment Report

Technique

Patient was referred for Vertebral Motion Analysis (VMA) testing to assess for potential Lumbar radiographic instability. The purpose of the test is to evaluate ligament injury by alteration of motion segment integrity (AOMSI) documenting increased translational or angular motion per DRE category: (5th Ed AMA p.384). VMA testing was conducted, which involves the use of FDA-cleared software to measure the relative motion of vertebral bodies on radiographic images acquired during patient bending of the Lumbar spine. VMA software is intended to assist physicians and clinical professionals in the analysis of vertebral body motion in musculoskeletal images of the spine, and permits users to generate a 'motion analysis' report containing graphics, charts, and text. VMA measurements of intervertebral angulation and translation have been validated to be more accurate and precise as compared to standard methods for taking these measurements.

Subsequent radiological interpretation of images and processed results was performed to assess for the presence of potential radiographic instability.

Findings

L1/L2: The maximum translation at this level was 4.5 mm (14% of vertebral body depth), this is evidence of translational instability according to the medical literature. The maximum angular motion at this level was 15 degrees. This angulation measurement exceeds the threshold for AOMSI of 15 degrees, the measurement for translation exceeds the threshold for AOMSI of 4.5 mm, each of these therefore demonstrating evidence of radiographic instability and ligamentous injury.

L2/L3: Maximum translation was 3.7 mm (11% of vertebral body depth). The maximum angular motion at this level was 18 degrees. This angulation measurement exceeds the threshold for AOMSI of 15 degrees, therefore demonstrating evidence of radiographic instability and ligamentous injury.

L3/L4: Maximum translation was 3.3 mm (9% of vertebral body depth). The maximum angular motion at this level was 14 degrees. These values do not exceed any thresholds for AOMSI as referenced above.

L4/L5:Maximum translation was 3.7 mm (10% of vertebral body depth). The maximum angular motion at this level was 11 degrees. These values do not exceed any thresholds for AOMSI as referenced above.

L5/S1:Maximum translation was 7.5 mm (20% of vertebral body depth). The maximum angular motion at this level was 10 degrees. This measurement for translation exceeds the threshold for AOMSI of 4.5 mm, therefore demonstrating evidence of radiographic instability and ligamentous injury.

Impression

Evidence of radiographic instability and ligamentous injury is demonstrated. Loss of motion segment integrity due to excessive intervertebral translation is confirmed at L1/L2 by the measured value of 4.5 millimeters (14%) of relative motion, which exceeds the threshold for impairment of the Lumbar spine as specified in the AMA Guides (Fifth Edition, 2000) and is consistent with a whole person impairment rating of 20% to 23%.

Evidence of radiographic instability and ligamentous injury is demonstrated. Loss of motion segment integrity due to excessive intervertebral angulation is confirmed at L1/L2 by the measured value of 15 degrees of relative motion, which exceeds the threshold for impairment of the Lumbar spine as specified in the AMA Guides (Fifth Edition, 2000) and is consistent with a whole person impairment rating of 20% to 23%.

Evidence of radiographic instability and ligamentous injury is demonstrated. Loss of motion segment integrity due to excessive intervertebral angulation is confirmed at L2/L3 by the measured value of 18 degrees of relative motion, which exceeds the threshold for impairment of the Lumbar spine as specified in the AMA Guides (Fifth Edition, 2000) and is consistent with a whole person impairment rating of 20% to 23%.

Evidence of radiographic instability and ligamentous injury is demonstrated. Loss of motion segment integrity due to excessive intervertebral translation is confirmed at L5/S1 by the measured value of 7.5 millimeters (20%) of relative motion, which exceeds the threshold for impairment of the Lumbar spine as specified in the AMA Guides (Fifth Edition, 2000) and is consistent with a whole person impairment rating of 20% to 23%.

Signed by: OKI_Admin_MD G Malcolmson, on 8/10/2019 at 9:46 AM CST

Vertebral Motion Analysis™ Lumbar Report

PATIENT: **Spondy, Steve** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58010**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

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⚠ WARNING: Inadequate tracking of vertebral bodies across radiographic images can lead to erroneous results. Image data and template placement must be reviewed prior to accepting any measurement results. If any templates are found to be incorrectly placed on vertebral bodies, any associated measurements should not be utilized in clinical decision making.

⚠ WARNING: When being viewed on a computer, a diagnostic-quality image review workstation should be used












VMA Version:
3.0.296/3.0.45.0
V 2.3.106
Report created on
8/8/2019 12:57:20 PM CST

VMA™ Report Lumbar Motion Analysis Summary

PATIENT: **Spondy, Steve** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58010**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

PATIENT LEVEL ALERTS:
NONE

| | MAX TRANSLATION | | MAX ANGLATION ³ | | DISC HEIGHT ⁴ CENTERLINE | INSTRUMENTED LEVELS ⁵ MAX. CONFIRMABLE ANGLATION |
|--------------|---|---|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | IN ANY VIEW ¹ | CHANGE BETWEEN VIEWS ² | FLEX/EXT | LEFT/RIGHT | | |
| L1/L2 | -2.2 mm -7% CLE |  4.5 mm 14% CLE-USN |  15° CS | 17° CS | 9.2 mm | n/a |
| L2/L3 | -2.7 mm -8% USN | 3.7 mm 11% CLF-USN |  18° CS | 15° US | 8.7 mm | n/a |
| L3/L4 | -3.3 mm -9% CSF | 2.8 mm 8% CSN-CSF | 14° CS | 14° CL | 9.3 mm | n/a |
| L4/L5 | -3.7 mm -10% CSE | 2.9 mm 8% CSN-CLE | 11° CL | 13° CL | 13.2 mm | n/a |
| L5/S1 |  7.5 mm 20% USF |  4.1 mm 11% CLF-USF | 10° CL | 4° CL <small>LTM</small> | 6.9 mm | n/a |
| N/A | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/a |

KEY:  Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion*  Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion*  Potential residual motion at a fusion level  Potential sagittal alignment issue

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See Quantitative Definitions page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See Endnotes page for all footnotes.



VMA Version:
3.0.296/3.0.45.0
V 2.3.106
Report created on
8/8/2019 12:57:11 PM CST

VMA™ Report Lumbar Sagittal Alignment

PATIENT: **Spondy, Steve** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58010**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

| | MAX. FLEX* | LORDOSIS ANGLE ¹⁵ | | ANTERIOR (MIN MAX) | DISC HEIGHT ⁴ CENTERLINE | POSTERIOR (MIN MAX) |
|-------|------------|------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | STANDING NEUTRAL | MAX. EXT* | | | |
| L1/L2 | 12° | 6° | -2° | 10.8 mm (7.9 13.1) | 9.2 mm | 7.9 mm (5.1 10.5) |
| L2/L3 | 13° | 9° | -5° | 11.1 mm (7.2 15.1) | 8.7 mm | 6.3 mm (6.3 10.1) |
| L3/L4 | 14° | 10° | -1° | 12.5 mm (8.8 14.7) | 9.3 mm | 6.2 mm (6.2 10.2) |
| L4/L5 | 19° | -16° | -16° | 18.0 mm (11.9 20.1) | 13.2 mm | 8.4 mm (6.4 12.7) |
| L5/S1 | 7° | 2° | -3° | 6.4 mm (4.2 10.6) | 6.9 mm | 7.4 mm (6.3 10.0) |
| N/A | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/a (n/a n/a) | n/a | n/a (n/a n/a) |

Positive values (+) indicate extension intervertebral endplate angles. Negative values (-) indicate flexion intervertebral endplate angles.

SAGITTAL ALIGNMENT DATA¹³
PI - LL = -1°

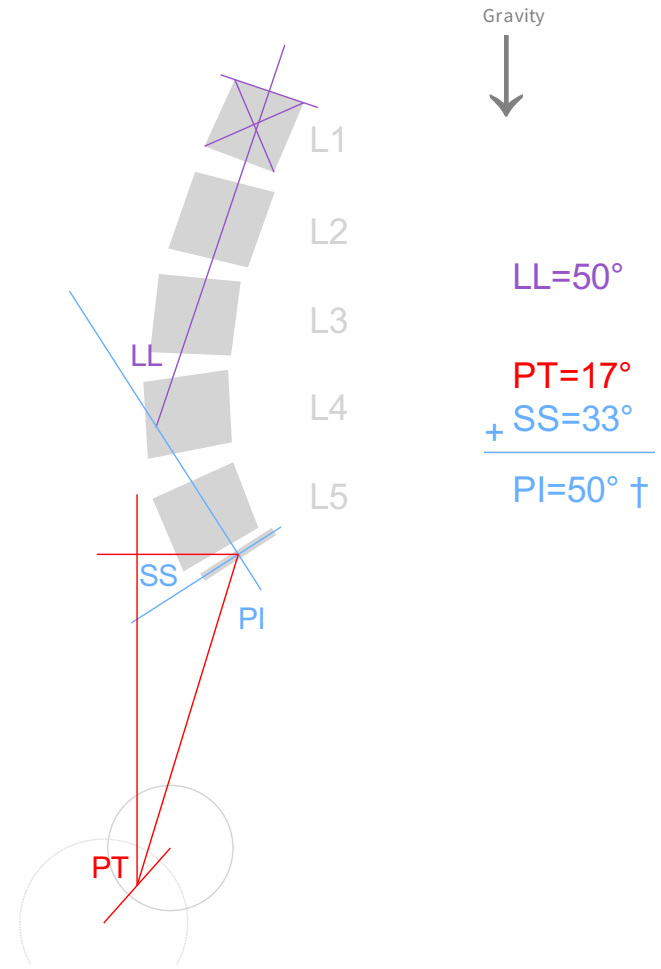
KEY: ⚠ Potential sagittal alignment issue
 PI = pelvic incidence. PT = pelvic tilt.
 SS = sacral slope.
 LL = lumbar lordosis.

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

† Pelvic Incidence calculated prior to rounding Sacral Slope and Pelvic Tilt. Apparent discrepancies due to rounding of intermediate values for presentation in this report.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See Quantitative Definitions page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See Endnotes page for all footnotes.

SAGITTAL ALIGNMENT MEASURES



VMA Version:
3.0.296/3.0.45.0
V 2.3.106

Report created on
 8/8/2019 12:57:11 PM CST

VMA™ Report Lumbar Translation Summary

PATIENT: **Spondy, Steve** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58010**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

TRANSLATION¹⁴ DURING CONTROLLED BENDING

TRANSLATION¹⁴ DURING UNCONTROLLED BENDING

| | STANDING | | | LYING | | | STANDING | | | LYING NEUTRAL | |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| | NEUTRAL | FLEXION | EXTENSION | NEUTRAL | FLEXION | EXTENSION | NEUTRAL | FLEXION | EXTENSION | SUPINE | PRONE |
| L1/L2 | -0.9 mm -3% <small>LTM</small> | 0.1 mm 0% <small>LTM</small> | -1.8 mm -5% | -2.1 mm -6% | -0.4 mm -1% <small>LTM</small> | -2.2 mm -7% | 2.3 mm 7% | -0.4 mm -1% <small>LTM</small> | -1.9 mm -6% | n/r | n/r |
| L2/L3 | -2.8 mm -8% | 0.1 mm 0% <small>LTM</small> | -2.8 mm -8% | -1.1 mm -3% <small>LTM</small> | 1.1 mm 3% <small>LTM</small> | -1.9 mm -6% | -2.7 mm -8% | -1.0 mm -3% <small>LTM</small> | -2.0 mm -6% | n/r | n/r |
| L3/L4 | -3.3 mm -9% | -0.6 mm -2% <small>LTM</small> | -2.7 mm -8% | -2.2 mm -6% <small>LTM</small> | -1.3 mm -4% <small>LTM</small> | -1.9 mm -5% | -2.0 mm -6% <small>LTM</small> | -0.8 mm -2% <small>LTM</small> | -2.7 mm -8% | n/r | n/r |
| L4/L5 | -3.7 mm -10% | -3.1 mm -8% | -3.7 mm -10% | -2.4 mm -6% | -1.3 mm -4% <small>LTM</small> | -0.8 mm -2% <small>LTM</small> | -2.9 mm -8% | -2.9 mm -8% | -3.0 mm -9% | -3.1 mm -9% | n/r |
| L5/S1 | 5.5 mm 15% | 7.4 mm 20% | 5.1 mm 14% | 5.3 mm 14% | 3.4 mm 9% | 5.3 mm 14% | 4.5 mm 13% | 7.5 mm 20% | n/r | 4.8 mm 14% | n/r |
| N/A | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/r |

KEY: Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential residual motion at a fusion level Potential sagittal alignment issue

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See Quantitative Definitions page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See Endnotes page for all footnotes.

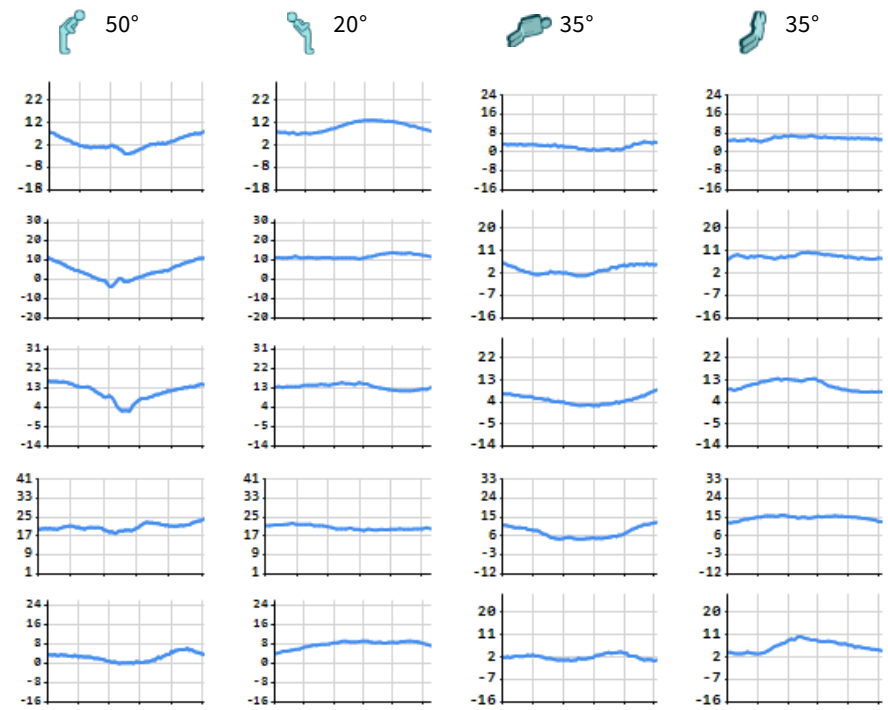


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3.0.296/3.0.45.0
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 8/8/2019 12:57:11 PM CST

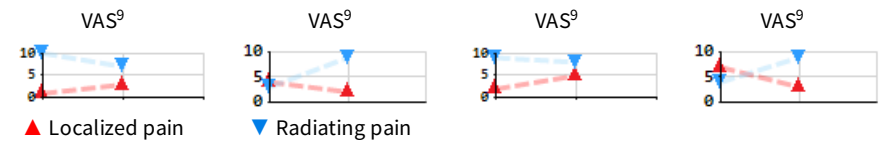
VMA™ Report Lumbar Angulation (ROM) Flexion/Extension

PATIENT: **Spondy, Steve** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58010**
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| | ROM CONTROLLED BENDING ⁶ | | ROM UNCONTROLLED BENDING ⁷ | FUSION LEVELS: MAXIMUM ROM ⁵ |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------------|---|
| | STANDING | LYING | | |
| L1/L2 | 15° | 6° | 6° | n/a |
| L2/L3 | 18° | 9° | 5° | n/a |
| L3/L4 | 14° | 11° | LTM | n/a |
| L4/L5 | 6° | 11° | 6° | n/a |
| L5/S1 | 9° | 10° | LTM | n/a |
| N/A | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/a |



OVERALL MOBILITY⁸ 49° ^{L1-S1} 43° ^{L1-S1} n/a



KEY: Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential residual motion at a fusion level Potential sagittal alignment issue

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See Quantitative Definitions page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See Endnotes page for all footnotes.

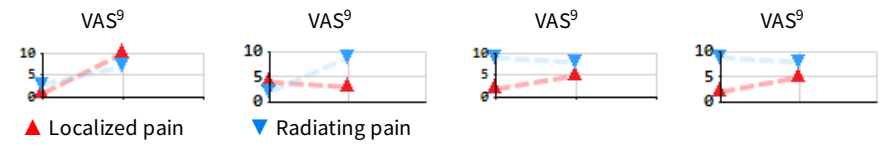
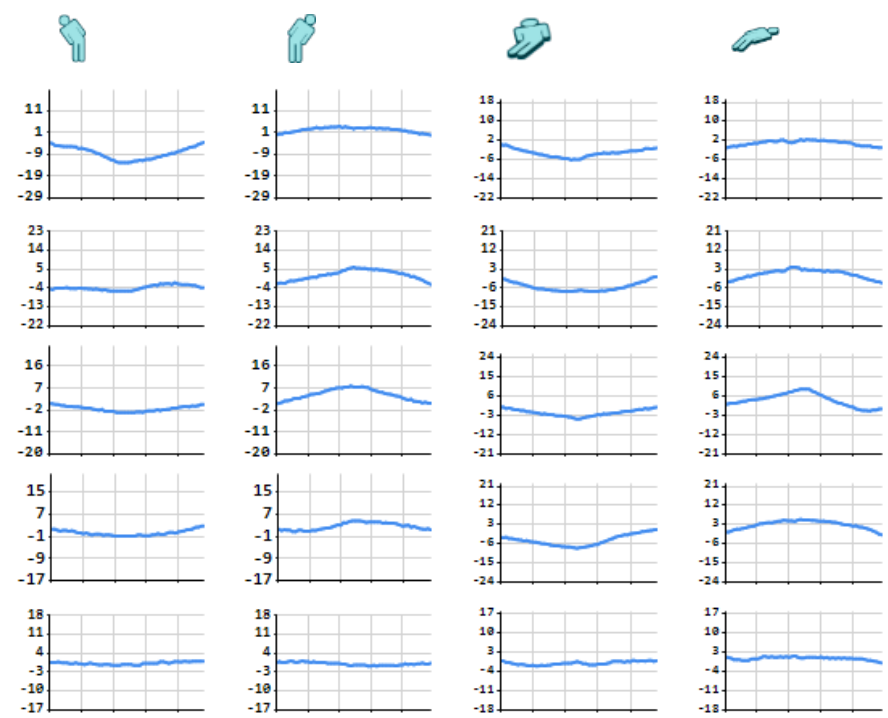
Vertebral Motion DIAGNOSTICS
VMA Version:
3.0.296/3.0.45.0
V 2.3.106
 Report created on
 8/8/2019 12:57:11 PM CST

VMA™ Report Lumbar Angulation (ROM) Left/Right

PATIENT: **Spondy, Steve** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58010**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

| | ROM CONTROLLED BENDING ¹⁰ | | ROM UNCONTROLLED BENDING ¹¹ | FUSION LEVELS: MAXIMUM ROM ⁵ |
|-------|--------------------------------------|-------|--|---|
| | STANDING | LYING | | |
| L1/L2 | 17° | 8° | 11° | n/a |
| L2/L3 | 11° | 12° | 15° | n/a |
| L3/L4 | 11° | 14° | 11° | n/a |
| L4/L5 | 5° | 13° | 0° | n/a |
| L5/S1 | 2° | 4° | 1° | n/a |
| N/A | n/r | n/r | n/r | n/a |

OVERALL MOBILITY¹² 43° L1-S1 47° L1-S1 38° L1-S1



KEY: Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential residual motion at a fusion level Potential sagittal alignment issue

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See *Quantitative Definitions* page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See *Endnotes* page for all footnotes.



VMA Version:
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V 2.3.106
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 8/8/2019 12:57:11 PM CST

VMA™ Report Lumbar Alert Thresholds

PATIENT: **Spondy, Steve** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58010**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

A. EXCESSIVE TRANSLATION BETWEEN VIEWS

| | UNITS | ▲ BORDERLINE | ● NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|--|---|
| L1/L2 | % | $12 \leq X < 14$ | $X \geq 14$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L2/L3 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L3/L4 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L4/L5 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L5/S1 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |

B. EXCESSIVE ANGULATION: MAXIMUM DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VIEWS

| | UNITS | ▲ BORDERLINE | ● NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|--|---|
| L1/L2 | Deg. | $15^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L2/L3 | Deg. | $15^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L3/L4 | Deg. | $15^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L4/L5 | Deg. | $20^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L5/S1 | Deg. | $22^\circ \leq X < 26^\circ$ | $X \geq 26^\circ$ |

C. MAL-ALIGNMENT* (LISTHESIS)

| | UNITS | ▲ BORDERLINE | ● NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|--|---|
| L1/L2 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L2/L3 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L3/L4 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L4/L5 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L5/S1 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |

D. MISCELLANEOUS ALERTS

| THRESHOLD TYPE | ALERT LEVEL |
|--|------------------------|
| ▲ EVIDENCE OF ABNORMAL Lumbar Sagittal Alignment | [Ref. range -10 to 10] |
| ▲ Residual Motion at Fused Level | ON |
| fn ▲ False Negative | ON |

F. LESS THAN MINIMUM MOTION THRESHOLD (LTM)

| THRESHOLD TYPE | LTM THRESHOLD |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Uncontrolled Angulation LTM (deg.) | $x < 5^\circ$ |
| Controlled Angulation LTM (deg.) | $x < 5^\circ$ |
| Subluxation LTM (%) | $x < 5\%$ |
| Instability LTM (%) | $x < 5\%$ |

***NOTE:** Mal-alignment (listhesis) and excessive translation between views (instability) alerts are triggered if a patient's measure value exceeds either the mm or % value. % is percent of inferior vertebral body sagittal plane depth.

THRESHOLDS WERE CONFIGURED BY: G MALCOLMSON, OKI_ADMIN_MD



VMA Version:
3.0.296/3.0.45.0
V 2.3.106

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VMA™ Report Lumbar Report Endnotes

PATIENT: **Spondy, Steve** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58010**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

1. Maximum translation values In Any View are measured across all sagittal plane views. Translation is measured using the Meyerding method, and provided in millimeter units [if possible], and also as percent of the inferior vertebral body sagittal-plane depth. Negative values refer to retrolisthesis, positive values refer to spondylolisthesis. Subscripts may accompany these values, and when present refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum translation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images (i.e. only for flexion extension bending).
2. Change Between Views values represent the maximum pairwise difference in translation for all image pairs possible within the set of up to 11 images (as shown on page), measured in the same millimeters and percent vertebral body depth units as described in (1) above. Subscripts refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum translation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images of flexion/extension bending (i.e. no measurements made from AP-view images of left/right bending).
3. Maximum angulation values are measured using the Frobin method (center plane of vertebral body) across all views, measured in degrees. Subscripts refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum angulation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
4. Disc height is calculated according to the Frobin method and is measured in millimeters. Centerline disc height represents the average of the anterior and posterior disc heights.
5. For fusion levels, maximum confirmable angulation, measured in degrees, represents the maximum continuous angulation observed in any single cine imaging sequence, and may differ from the ROM values reported in other columns on this page.
6. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between flexion and extension, taken from controlled, device-assisted lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
7. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between flexion and extension, taken from uncontrolled patient lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
8. This is the sum of the L1-S1 motion, measured between the two end ranges (full flexion to full extension). Values are only provided if there are measurements at each level. Note that the sum of each level's angulation may be greater than the overall mobility, as overall mobility is measured between the two end ranges, while segmental mobility is measured as the maximum value observed at any point during the bend.
9. Visual Analog Scale (VAS) Pain scores were collected from patient during testing. Separate scores were collected for leg (below the belt) vs. back (above the belt) pain.
10. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between left and right, taken from controlled patient lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
11. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between left and right, taken from uncontrolled, device-assisted lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
12. This is the sum of the L1-S1 motion, measured between the two end ranges (full left to full right). Values are only provided if there are measurements at each level. Note that the sum of each level's angulation may be greater than the overall mobility, as overall mobility is measured between the two end ranges, while segmental mobility is measured as the maximum value observed at any point during the bend.
13. The measurements of PI, SS, PT and LL come from an analysis of the lateral x-ray with the patient weight bearing in the neutral posture. The diagram is based on the same dataset.
14. Translation is measured using the Meyerding method, and provided in millimeter units [if possible], and also as percent of the inferior vertebral body sagittal-plane depth. Negative values refer to retrolisthesis, positive values refer to spondylolisthesis. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images (e.g. flexion extension bending).
15. Lordosis Angle data table values are calculated as the angle between the inferior end plate of the cephalad vertebral body and the superior endplate of the caudal vertebral body.
16. Download IFU: <https://portal.stateraspine.com/Mdportal/GetIFU>
17. To order user manual, please contact Statera Spine at 512-334-5490 or compliance@stateraspine.com.



VMA Version:
3.0.296/3.0.45.0
V 2.3.106

Report created on
8/8/2019 12:57:11 PM CST

Vertebral Motion Analysis™ Lumbar Report



PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

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⚠ WARNING: Inadequate tracking of vertebral bodies across radiographic images can lead to erroneous results. Image data and template placement must be reviewed prior to accepting any measurement results. If any templates are found to be incorrectly placed on vertebral bodies, any associated measurements should not be utilized in clinical decision making. These images are provided in the front section of the printed report, prior to the quantitative data.

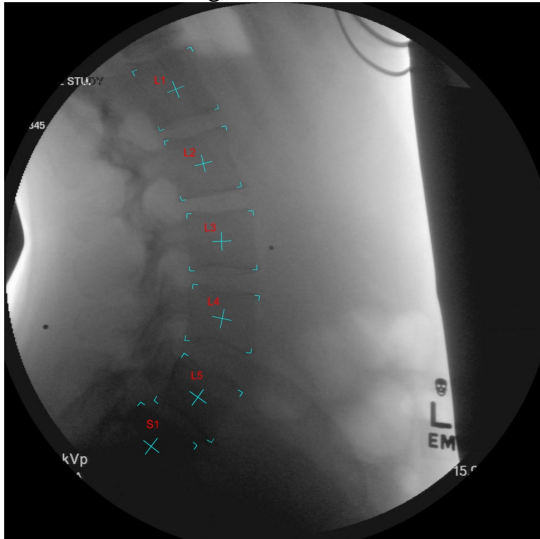
⚠ WARNING: When being viewed on a computer, a diagnostic-quality image review workstation should be used

VMA™ Report **Controlled Bending Neutral Lateral Views**

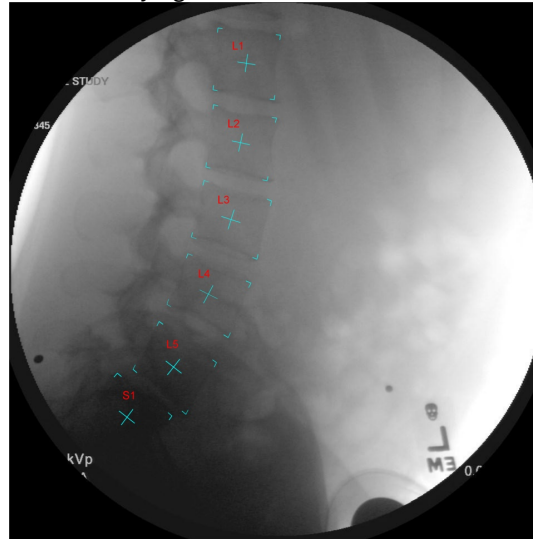
(Standing & Lying) for Translation Measurements

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

Controlled Standing Lateral Neutral



Controlled Lying Lateral Neutral

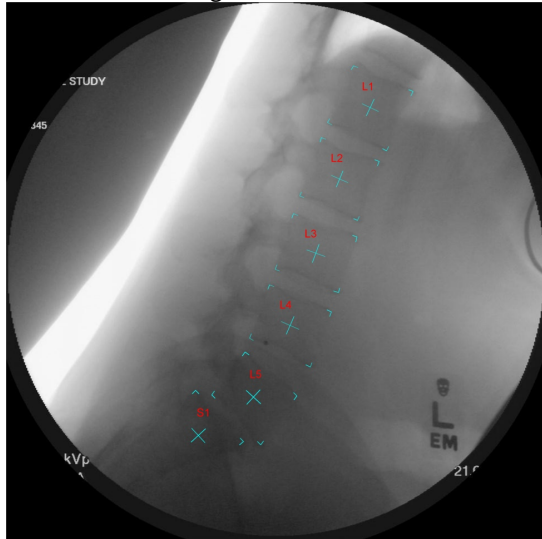


VMA™ Report **Controlled Bending Neutral Lateral Views**

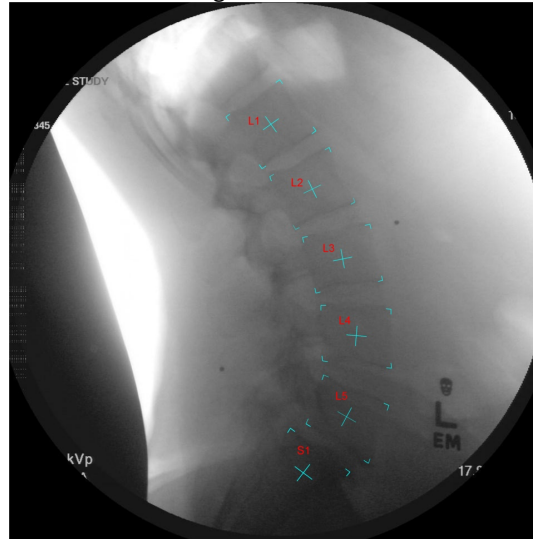
(Standing & Lying) for Translation Measurements

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

Controlled Standing Flexion



Controlled Standing Extension

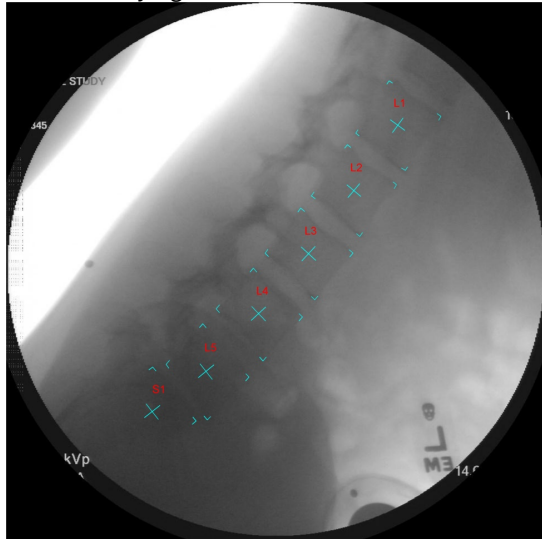


VMA™ Report **Controlled Bending Neutral Lateral Views**

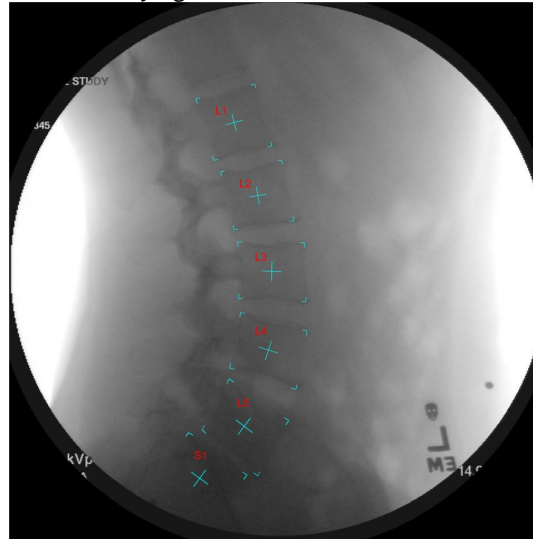
(Standing & Lying) for Translation Measurements

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

Controlled Lying Flexion



Controlled Lying Extension

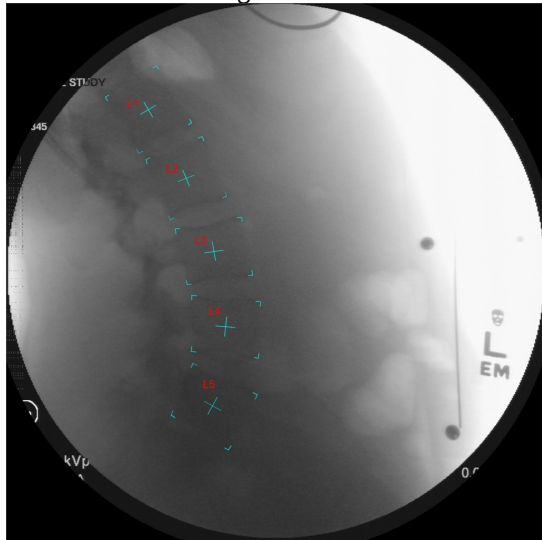


VMA™ Report **Controlled Bending Neutral Lateral Views**

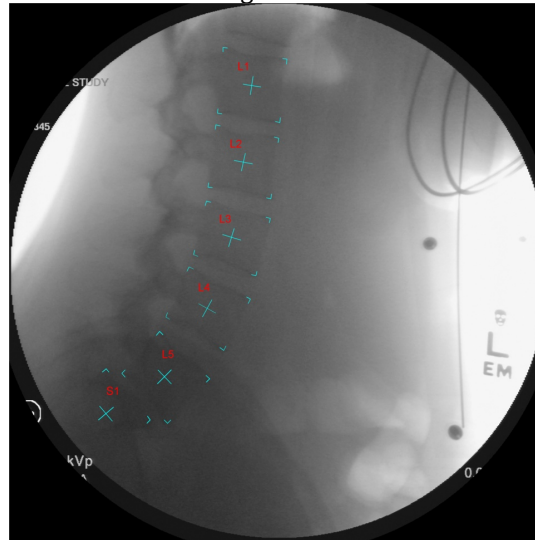
(Standing & Lying) for Translation Measurements

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

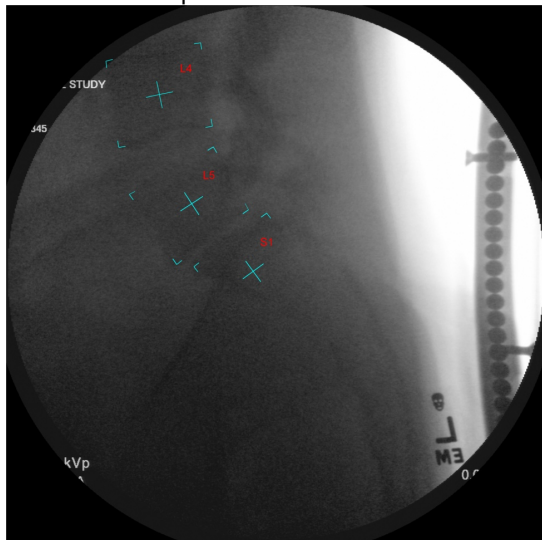
Uncontrolled Standing Extension



Uncontrolled Standing Flexion



Uncontrolled Supine Cross-table Lateral

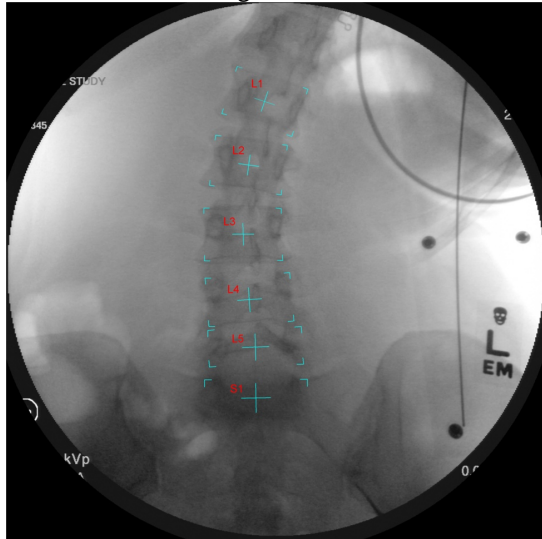


VMA™ Report **Controlled Bending Neutral Lateral Views**

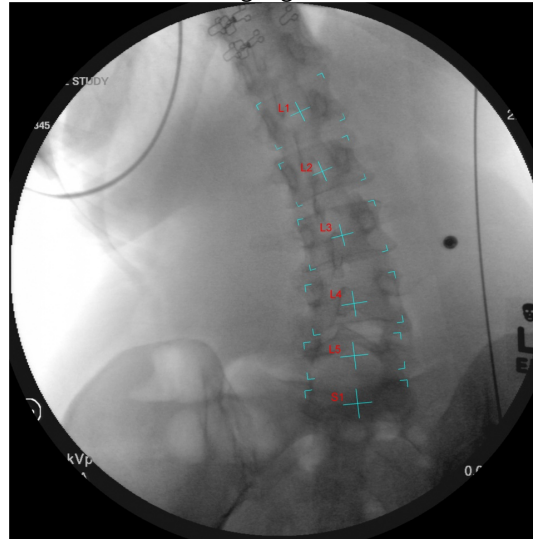
(Standing & Lying) for Translation Measurements

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

Uncontrolled Standing Left



Uncontrolled Standing Right

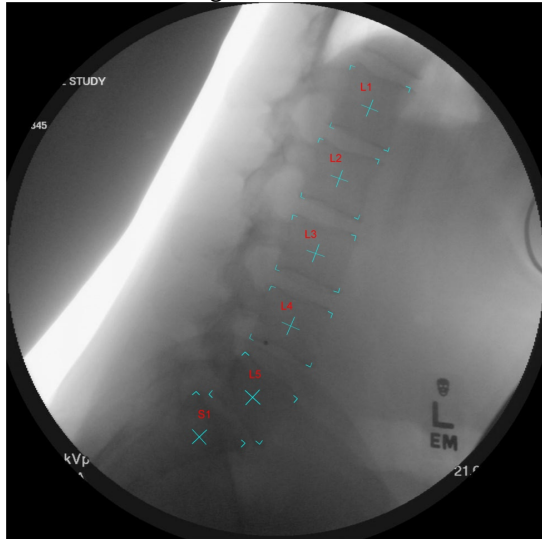


VMA™ Report **Controlled Bending Neutral Lateral Views**

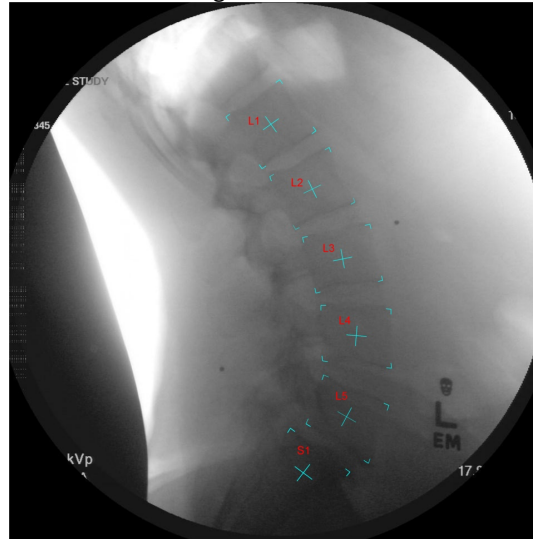
(Standing & Lying) for Translation Measurements

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

Controlled Standing Flexion



Controlled Standing Extension

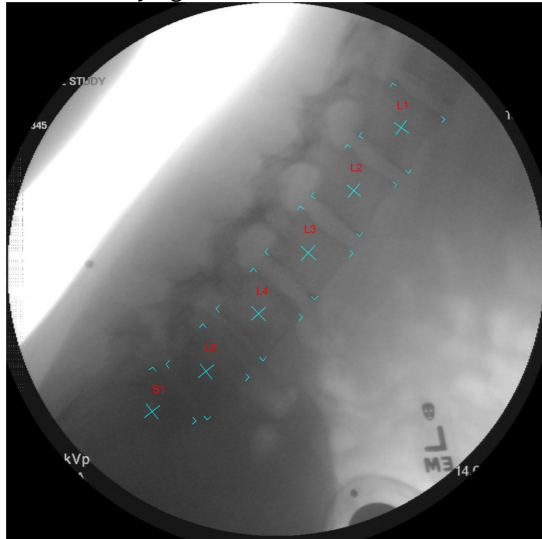


VMA™ Report **Controlled Bending Neutral Lateral Views**

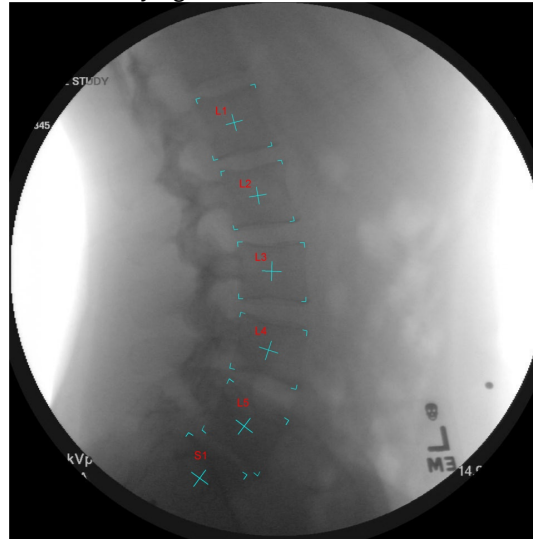
(Standing & Lying) for Translation Measurements

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

Controlled Lying Flexion



Controlled Lying Extension

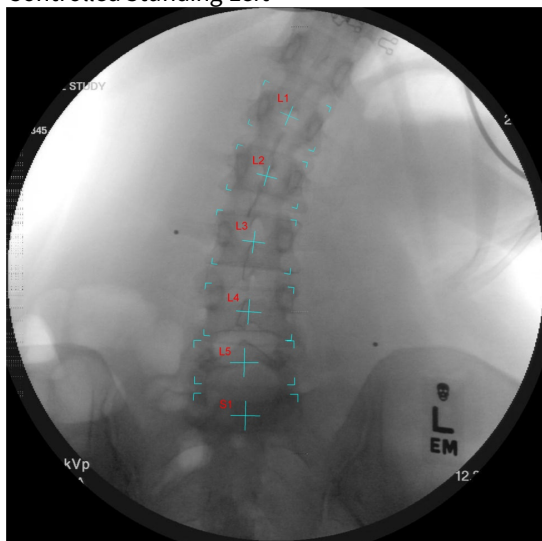


VMA™ Report **Controlled Bending Neutral Lateral Views**

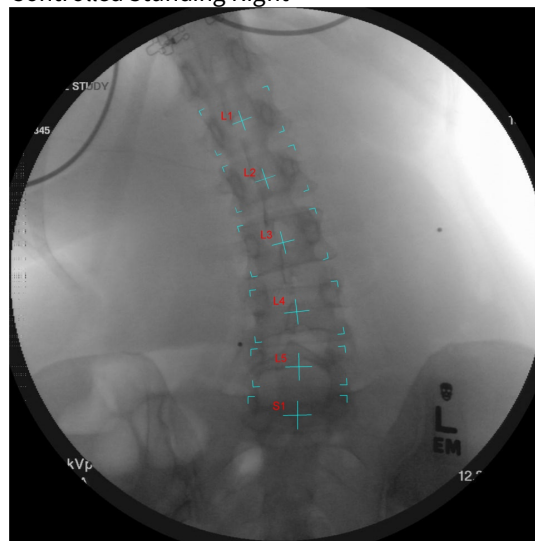
(Standing & Lying) for Translation Measurements

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

Controlled Standing Left



Controlled Standing Right

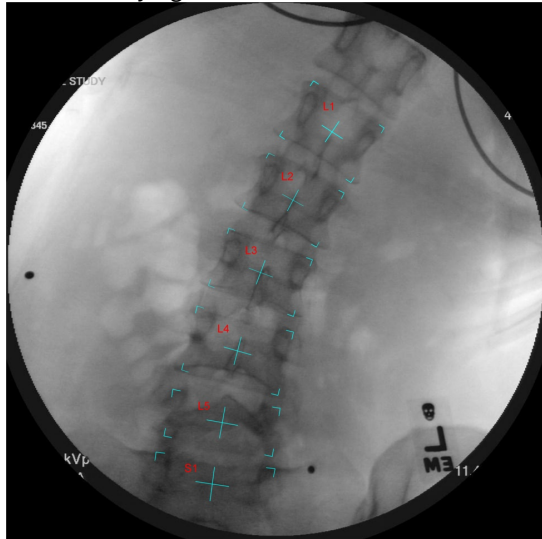


VMA™ Report **Controlled Bending Neutral Lateral Views**

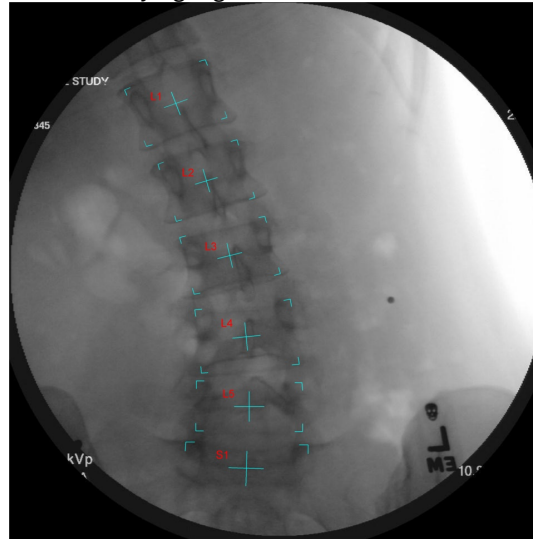
(Standing & Lying) for Translation Measurements

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

Controlled Lying Left



Controlled Lying Right



VMA™ Report **Sagittal Alignment Uploaded Images**

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

Image 1

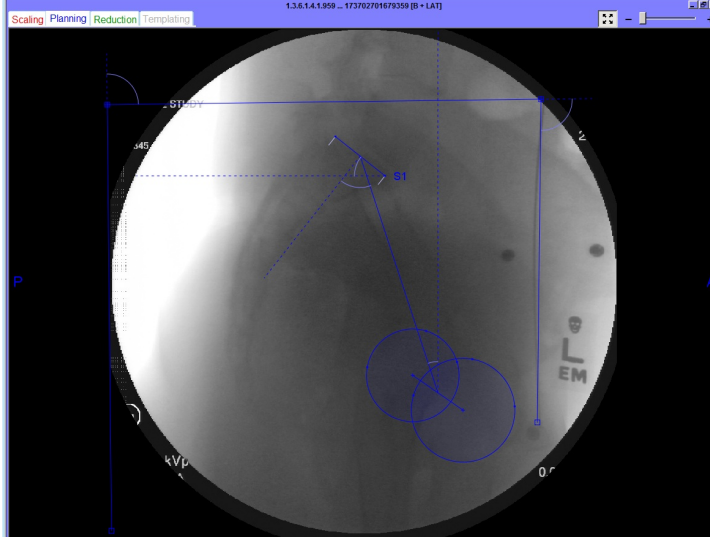
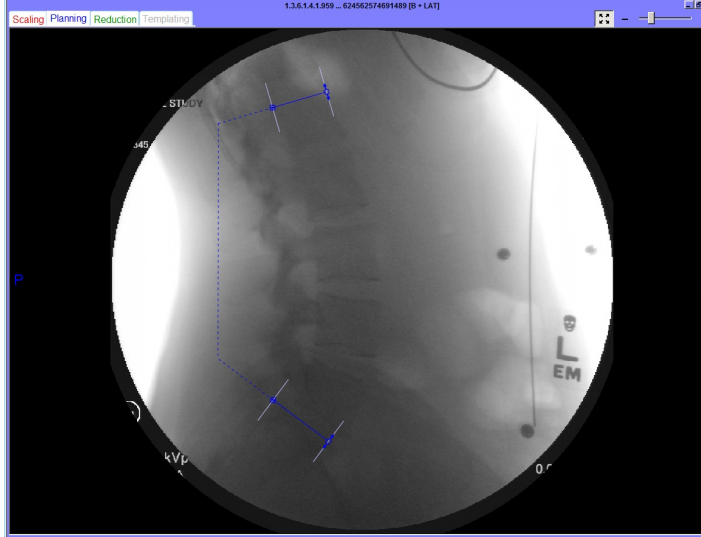


Image 2



VMA™ Report Lumbar Motion Analysis Summary

PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

PATIENT LEVEL ALERTS:

| | MAX TRANSLATION ¹ | | CHANGE BETWEEN VIEWS ² | | MAX ANGULATION ³ | | DISC HEIGHT ⁴ CENTERLINE | INSTRUMENTED LEVELS ⁵ MAX. CONFIRMABLE ANGULATION |
|--------------|------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|------------|--|---|
| | IN ANY VIEW ¹ | | | | FLEX/EXT | LEFT/RIGHT | | |
| L1/L2 | -2.7 mm -7% | CLE | 5.1 mm 14% | USN-CLE | 15° | CS | 4.9 mm | n/r |
| L2/L3 | -3.0 mm -8% | CSE | 3.0 mm 8% | CSN-CLF | 16° | CS | 9.0 mm | n/r |
| L3/L4 | -3.2 mm -9% | CSN | 2.7 mm 7% | CSN-CSF | 12° | CL | 9.9 mm | n/r |
| L4/L5 | -3.6 mm -10% | CSE | 2.3 mm 5% | XTS-CLF | 16° | CL | 13.1 mm | n/r |
| L5/S1 | 7.4 mm 20% | USF | 4.2 mm 11% | USF-CLF | 7° | CS | 7.6 mm | n/r |

KEY: Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential residual motion at a fusion level Potential reduced overall lumbar mobility Potential reduced disc height Potential sagittal alignment issue Change in VAS (pain) during bending


*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See *Quantitative Definitions* page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See *Endnotes* page for all footnotes.



VMA™ Report Lumbar Sagittal Alignment



PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

| | LORDOSIS ANGLE ¹⁵ | | | DISC HEIGHT ⁴ | | |
|--------------|------------------------------|------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---|-----------|
| | MAX. FLEX* | STANDING NEUTRAL | MAX. EXT* | ANTERIOR | CENTERLINE | POSTERIOR |
| L1/L2 | -3° | 8° | N/R | 7.3 mm |  4.9 mm | 3.4 mm |
| L2/L3 | -2° | 10° | 13° | 12.3 mm | 9.0 mm | 5.9 mm |
| L3/L4 | 1° | 11° | 14° | 13.7 mm | 9.9 mm | 6.2 mm |
| L4/L5 | 0° | 16° | 22° | 18.4 mm | 13.1 mm | 8.0 mm |
| L5/S1 | -3° | 0° | 4° | 7.8 mm | 7.6 mm | 7.4 mm |

SAGITTAL ALIGNMENT DATA¹³
PI - LL = 4°

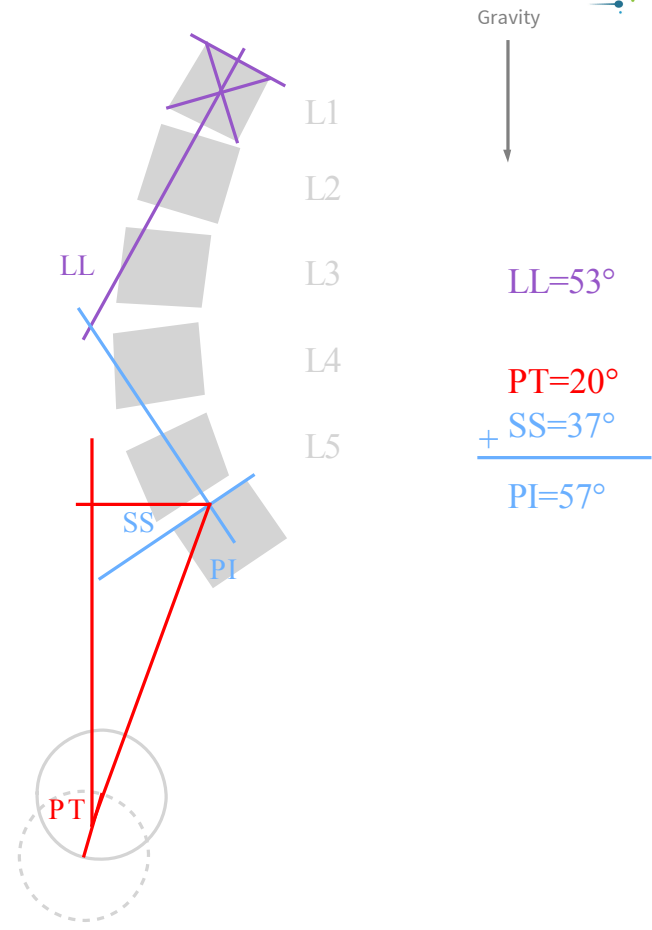
KEY:  Potential reduced disc height  Potential sagittal alignment issue **PI** = pelvic incidence. **PT** = pelvic tilt. **SS** = sacral slope. **LL** = lumbar lordosis.

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

Positive values (+) indicate extension intervertebral endplate angles. Negative values (-) indicate flexion intervertebral endplate angles.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. **SECOND LETTER:** Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. **THIRD LETTER:** Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. **XTP** = Cross table prone. **XTS** = Cross table supine. **LTM** = Less than minimum motion threshold. See Quantitative Definitions page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See Endnotes page for all footnotes.

SAGITTAL ALIGNMENT MEASURES



VMA™ Report Lumbar Translation Summary



PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

TRANSLATION¹⁴ DURING CONTROLLED BENDING

TRANSLATION¹⁴ DURING UNCONTROLLED BENDING

| | STANDING | | | LYING | | | STANDING | | | LYING NEUTRAL | |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | NEUTRAL | FLEXION | EXTENSION | NEUTRAL | FLEXION | EXTENSION | NEUTRAL | FLEXION | EXTENSION | SUPINE | PRONE |
| L1/L2 | -1.0 mm -3% <small>LTM</small> | -0.1 mm 0% <small>LTM</small> | -2.0 mm -5% | -2.2 mm -6% <small>LTM</small> | -0.3 mm -1% <small>LTM</small> | -2.7 mm -7% | 2.4 mm 7% | -0.4 mm -1% <small>LTM</small> | -2.3 mm -6% | n/a | n/a |
| L2/L3 | -3.0 mm -8% <small>LTM</small> | -0.1 mm 0% <small>LTM</small> | -3.0 mm -8% | -1.2 mm -3% <small>LTM</small> | 0.0 mm 0% <small>LTM</small> | -2.1 mm -6% | -2.9 mm -8% | -1.0 mm -3% <small>LTM</small> | -2.0 mm -6% | n/a | n/a |
| L3/L4 | -3.2 mm -9% <small>LTM</small> | -0.5 mm -2% <small>LTM</small> | -3.0 mm -8% | -2.1 mm -6% <small>LTM</small> | -1.4 mm -4% <small>LTM</small> | -3.0 mm -9% | -2.0 mm -6% | -0.8 mm -2% <small>LTM</small> | -2.9 mm -8% | n/a | n/a |
| L4/L5 | -3.6 mm -10% | -3.1 mm -8% | -3.6 mm -10% | -2.1 mm -6% | -1.3 mm -4% <small>LTM</small> | -2.9 mm -8% | -2.8 mm -8% | -3.1 mm -8% | -3.5 mm -9% | -3.6 mm -9% | n/a |
| L5/S1 | 5.2 mm 14% | 7.4 mm 20% | 4.8 mm 13% | 5.1 mm 14% | 3.2 mm 9% | 4.7 mm 13% | 4.5 mm 12% | 7.4 mm 20% | n/a | 5.2 mm 14% | n/a |

KEY: Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential residual motion at a fusion level Potential reduced overall lumbar mobility Potential reduced disc height Potential sagittal alignment issue Change in VAS (pain) during bending

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

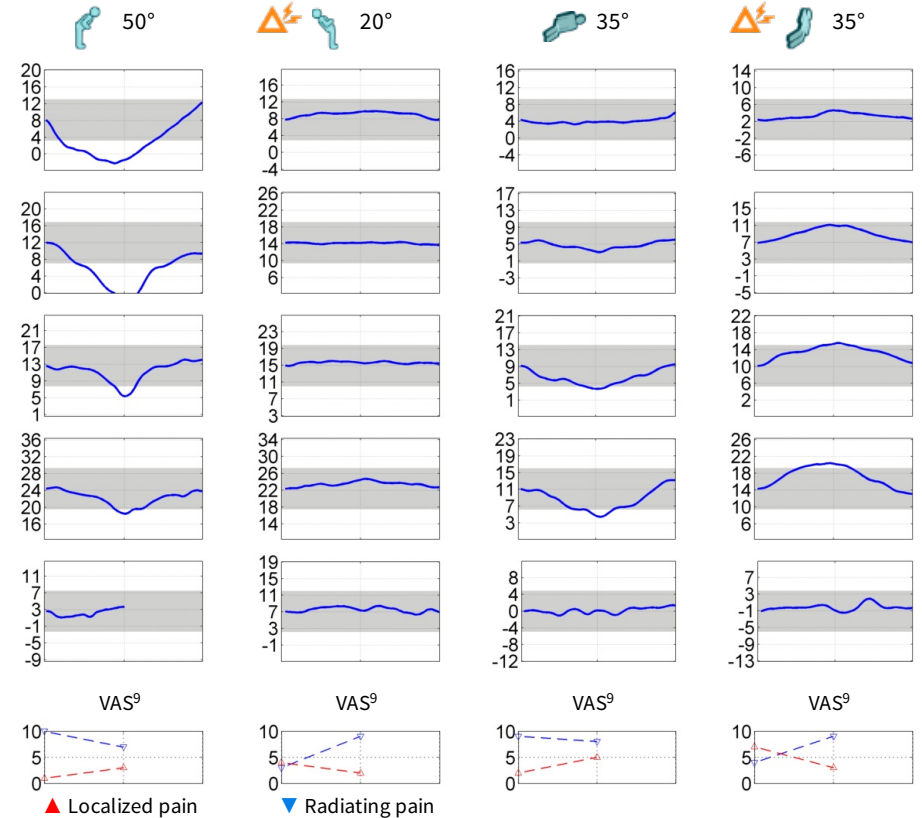
FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See Quantitative Definitions page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See Endnotes page for all footnotes.

VMA™ Report Lumbar Angulation (ROM) Flexion/Extension



PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

| | ROM CONTROLLED BENDING ⁶ | | ROM UNCONTROLLED BENDING ⁷ | FUSION LEVELS: MAXIMUM ROM ⁵ |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| | STANDING | LYING | | |
| L1/L2 | 15° | 4° <small>LTM</small> | 7° | n/r |
| L2/L3 | 16° | 8° | 7° | n/r |
| L3/L4 | 11° | 12° | 3° <small>LTM</small> | n/r |
| L4/L5 | 6° | 16° | 7° | n/r |
| L5/S1 | 7° | 3° <small>LTM</small> | n/a | n/r |
| OVERALL MOBILITY⁸ | 46° <small>L1-S1</small> | 37° <small>L1-S1</small> | n/r | |



KEY: Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential residual motion at a fusion level Potential reduced overall lumbar mobility Potential reduced disc height Potential sagittal alignment issue Change in VAS (pain) during bending

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See Quantitative Definitions page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See Endnotes page for all footnotes.

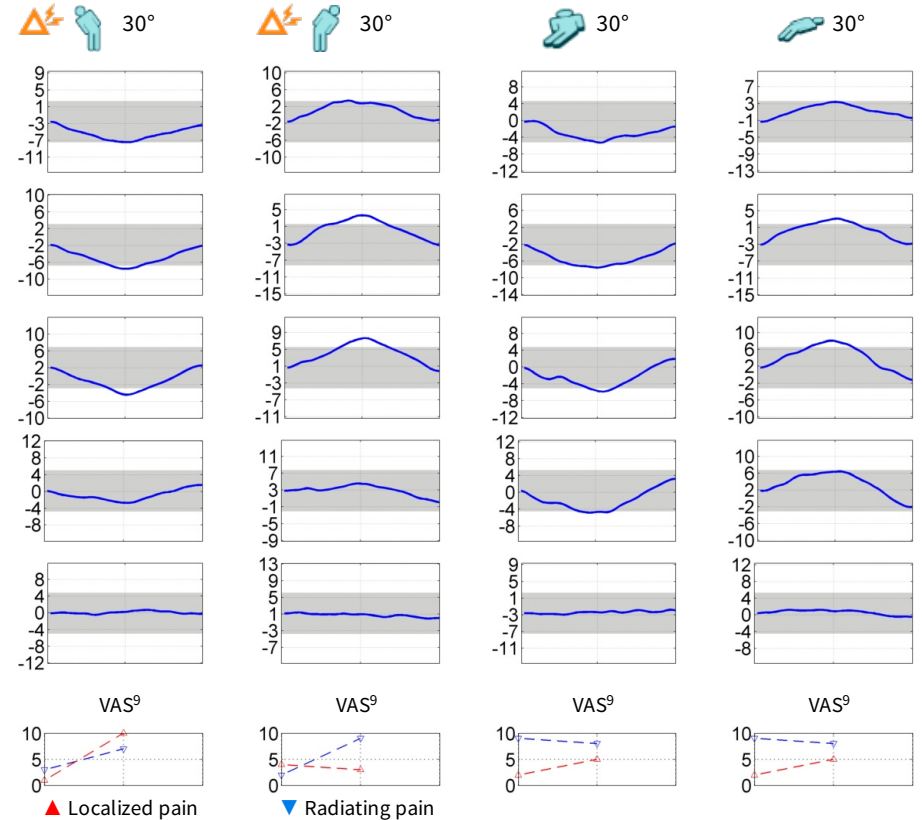
VMA Version:
2.3.1008/2.3.231.0
V 2.3.106
 Report regenerated on
 8/2/2016 2:23:37 PM CST

VMA™ Report Lumbar Angulation (ROM) Left/Right



PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

| | ROM CONTROLLED BENDING ¹⁰ | | ROM UNCONTROLLED BENDING ¹¹ | FUSION LEVELS: MAXIMUM ROM ⁵ |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| | STANDING | LYING | | |
| L1/L2 | 11° | 5° | 13° | n/r |
| L2/L3 | 11° | 6° | 16° | n/r |
| L3/L4 | 12° | 8° | 10° | n/r |
| L4/L5 | 7° | 8° | 0° | n/r |
| L5/S1 | 2° <small>LTM</small> | 1° <small>LTM</small> | 2° <small>LTM</small> | n/r |
| OVERALL MOBILITY ¹² | 41° L1-S1 | 47° L1-S1 | 41° L1-S1 | |



KEY: Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential residual motion at a fusion level Potential reduced overall lumbar mobility Potential reduced disc height Potential sagittal alignment issue Change in VAS (pain) during bending

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See Quantitative Definitions page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See Endnotes page for all footnotes.

VMA Version:
2.3.1008/2.3.231.0
V 2.3.106
 Report regenerated on
 8/2/2016 2:23:37 PM CST

VMA™ Report Lumbar Alert Thresholds



PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
 ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

A. EXCESSIVE TRANSLATION BETWEEN VIEWS

| | UNITS | BORDERLINE | NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|--------------------|----------------|
| L1/L2 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L2/L3 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L3/L4 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L4/L5 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L5/S1 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |

B. EXCESSIVE ANGULATION: MAXIMUM DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VIEWS

| | UNITS | BORDERLINE | NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| L1/L2 | Deg. | $15^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L2/L3 | Deg. | $15^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L3/L4 | Deg. | $15^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L4/L5 | Deg. | $20^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L5/S1 | Deg. | $22^\circ \leq X < 26^\circ$ | $X \geq 26^\circ$ |

C. MAL-ALIGNMENT* (LISTHESIS)

| | UNITS | BORDERLINE | NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|--------------------|----------------|
| L1/L2 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L2/L3 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L3/L4 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L4/L5 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L5/S1 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |

D. MISCELLANEOUS ALERTS

| THRESHOLD TYPE | ALERT LEVEL |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Reduced Disc Height | 5 |
| Reduced Range of Motion (L1/S1) | 26 |
| Sagittal Alignment (PI-LL) | 10 |
| Residual Motion at Fused Level | ON |
| False Negative Notification | ON |

E. LUMBAR CHANGE IN PAIN (VAS)

| THRESHOLD TYPE | ALERT LEVEL |
|--|--------------------|
| Local Pain Change Threshold | $ \Delta VAS > 4$ |
| Radiating Pain Change Threshold | $ \Delta VAS > 4$ |
| Alert requires Change in Both - Local AND Radiating Change in only one - Local OR Radiating Alert triggered when change in pain from Neutral Posture is <u>INCREASING, DECREASING, or BOTH</u> | OR Both |

F. LESS THAN MINIMUM MOTION THRESHOLD (LTM)

| THRESHOLD TYPE | LTM THRESHOLD |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Uncontrolled Angulation LTM (deg.) | $x < 5^\circ$ |
| Controlled Angulation LTM (deg.) | $x < 5^\circ$ |
| Subluxation LTM (%) | $x < 5\%$ |
| Instability LTM (%) | $x < 5\%$ |

***NOTE:** Mal-alignment (listhesis) and excessive translation between views (instability) alerts are triggered if a patient's measure value exceeds either the mm or % value. % is percent of inferior vertebral body sagittal plane depth.

THRESHOLDS WERE CONFIGURED BY: DEMO, DOCTOR

VMA™ Report Lumbar Report Endnotes



PATIENT: **Jam, Jimmy** PATIENT ID: **1563124** DOB: **03/03/1982** STUDY DATE: **6/21/2016**
ACCESSION No: **19820303** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Doctor** TEST CENTER: **OKI Lab**

1. Maximum translation values In Any View are measured across all sagittal plane views. Translation is measured using the Meyerding method, and provided in millimeter units [if possible], and also as percent of the inferior vertebral body sagittal-plane depth. Negative values refer to retrolisthesis, positive values refer to spondylolisthesis. Subscripts may accompany these values, and when present refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum translation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images (i.e. only for flexion extension bending).
2. Change Between Views values represent the maximum pairwise difference in translation for all image pairs possible within the set of up to 11 images (as shown on page), measured in the same millimeters and percent vertebral body depth units as described in (1) above. Subscripts refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum translation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images of flexion/extension bending (i.e. no measurements made from AP-view images of left/right bending).
3. Maximum angulation values are measured using the Frobin method (center plane of vertebral body) across all views, measured in degrees. Subscripts refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum angulation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
4. Disc height is calculated according to the Frobin method and is measured in millimeters. Centerline disc height represents the average of the anterior and posterior disc heights.
5. For fusion levels, maximum confirmable angulation, measured in degrees, represents the maximum continuous angulation observed in any single cine imaging sequence, and may differ from the ROM values reported in other columns on this page.
6. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between flexion and extension, taken from controlled, device-assisted lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
7. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between flexion and extension, taken from uncontrolled patient lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
8. This is the sum of the L1-S1 motion, measured between the two end ranges (full flexion to full extension). Values are only provided if there are measurements at each level. Note that the sum of each level's angulation may be greater than the overall mobility, as overall mobility is measured between the two end ranges, while segmental mobility is measured as the maximum value observed at any point during the bend.
9. Visual Analog Scale (VAS) Pain scores were collected from patient during testing. Separate scores were collected for leg (below the belt) vs. back (above the belt) pain.
10. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between left and right, taken from controlled patient lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
11. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between left and right, taken from uncontrolled, device-assisted lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
12. This is the sum of the L1-S1 motion, measured between the two end ranges (full left to full right). Values are only provided if there are measurements at each level. Note that the sum of each level's angulation may be greater than the overall mobility, as overall mobility is measured between the two end ranges, while segmental mobility is measured as the maximum value observed at any point during the bend.
13. The measurements of PI, SS, PT, and LL come from an analysis of images using OrthoView software (K063327). The diagram of sagittal alignment is rendered based on a dataset including data derived via the OrthoView as well as the VMA software.
14. Translation is measured using the Meyerding method, and provided in millimeter units [if possible], and also as percent of the inferior vertebral body sagittal-plane depth. Negative values refer to retrolisthesis, positive values refer to spondylolisthesis. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images (e.g. flexion extension bending).
15. Lordosis Angle data table values are calculated as the angle between the inferior end plate of the cephalad vertebral body and the superior endplate of the caudal vertebral body.

Vertebral Motion Analysis™ Cervical Report



PATIENT: **Pre-To-Post #2, Post-Op** PATIENT ID: **2346** DOB: **09/09/1978** STUDY DATE: **9/29/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58007**
ACCESSION No: **2346** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Statera** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

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- ⚠ WARNING:** Inadequate tracking of vertebral bodies across radiographic images can lead to erroneous results. Image data and template placement must be reviewed prior to accepting any measurement results. If any templates are found to be incorrectly placed on vertebral bodies, any associated measurements should not be utilized in clinical decision making.
- ⚠ WARNING:** When being viewed on a computer, a diagnostic-quality image review workstation should be used

VMA™ Report Cervical Motion Analysis Summary



PATIENT: **Pre-To-Post #2, Post-Op** PATIENT ID: **2346** DOB: **09/09/1978** STUDY DATE: **9/29/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58007**
 ACCESSION No: **2346** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Statera** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

PATIENT LEVEL ALERTS:
NONE

| | MAX TRANSLATION | | MAX ANGULATION ³ | DISC HEIGHT ⁴ | INSTRUMENTED LEVELS ⁵ |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | IN ANY VIEW ¹ | CHANGE BETWEEN VIEWS ² | | | |
| C0/C1 | | | 28° | | n/a |
| C1/C2 | | | 12° | | n/a |
| C2/C3 | | | 9° | 3.8 mm | n/a |
| C3/C4 | -1.0 mm -8% CE | 1.4 mm 11% CE-UF | 14° | 2.9 mm | n/a |
| C4/C5 | 1.6 mm 13% UF | 2.4 mm 18% CN-UF | 22° | 3.0 mm | n/a |
| C5/C6 FUSION | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 6° CE |
| C6/C7 FUSION | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | LTM 2° CE |

KEY: Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential residual motion at a fusion level

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. second letter: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. third letter: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view.
 XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See *Quantitative Definitions* page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See *Endnotes* page for all footnotes.


VMA™ Report Cervical Translation Summary






PATIENT: **Pre-To-Post #2, Post-Op** PATIENT ID: **2346** DOB: **09/09/1978** STUDY DATE: **9/29/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58007**
 ACCESSION No: **2346** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Statera** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

TRANSLATION⁶ DURING CONTROLLED BENDING

TRANSLATION⁶ DURING UNCONTROLLED BENDING

| | NEUTRAL | FLEXION | EXTENSION | NEUTRAL | FLEXION | EXTENSION |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| C3/C4 | -0.7 mm -5% | 0.3 mm 3% <small>LTM</small> | -1.0 mm -8% | -0.2 mm -1% <small>LTM</small> | 0.4 mm 3% <small>LTM</small> | -0.3 mm -2% <small>LTM</small> |
| C4/C5 | -0.7 mm -6% | 1.4 mm 10% | -0.6 mm -5% | -0.1 mm -1% <small>LTM</small> |  1.6 mm 13% | -0.4 mm -3% <small>LTM</small> |
| C5/C6 <small>FUSION</small> | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| C6/C7 <small>FUSION</small> | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |

KEY:  Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion*  Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion*  Potential residual motion at a fusion level

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: Standing (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view. XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See *Quantitative Definitions* page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See *Endnotes* page for all footnotes.

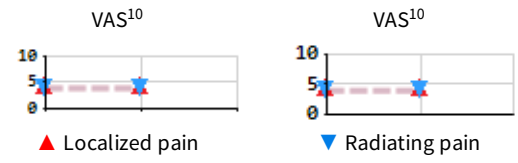
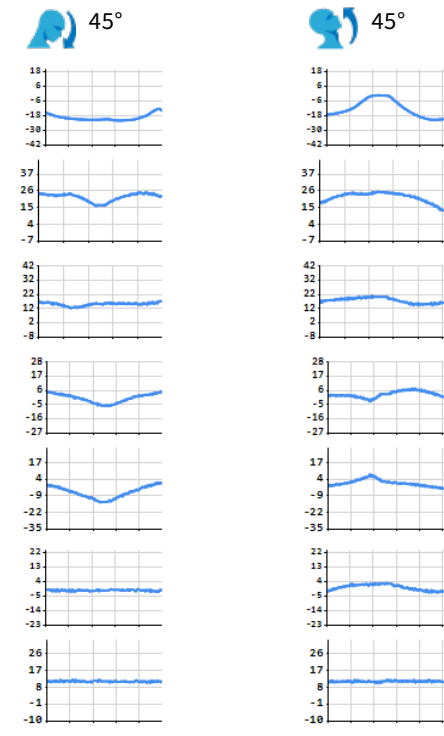
VMA Version:
3.0.296/3.1.4.0 | V 2.2.101
 Report created on
 6/16/2022 12:19:21 PM CST
 (C) 2022

VMA™ Report Cervical Angulation (ROM) Flexion/Extens



PATIENT: **Pre-To-Post #2, Post-Op** PATIENT ID: **2346** DOB: **09/09/1978** STUDY DATE: **9/29/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58007**
 ACCESSION No: **2346** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Statera** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

| | ROM CONTROLLED BENDING ⁷ | ROM UNCONTROLLED BENDING ⁸ | FUSION LEVELS: MAXIMUM ROM ⁵ |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| C0/C1 | 21° | 28° | n/a |
| C1/C2 | 12° | 12° | n/a |
| C2/C3 | 9° | LTM | n/a |
| C3/C4 | 14° | 14° | n/a |
| C4/C5 | 22° | 11° | n/a |
| C5/C6 FUSION | n/a | n/a | 6° CE |
| C6/C7 FUSION | n/a | n/a | LTM 2° CE |
| OVERALL MOBILITY⁹ | 35° C2-C7 | 36° C2-C7 | |



KEY: Potential mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential borderline mal-alignment or excessive motion* Potential residual motion at a fusion level

*NOTE: The letters 'FN' appearing within these alert icons indicates an alert that was triggered only in the device assisted bending images. If only uncontrolled bending images had been consulted, a potential "false negative" result for the underlying anomaly would have occurred.

FIRST LETTER: Controlled (C) vs. Uncontrolled (U) bending. SECOND LETTER: (S) vs. Lying (L) bending. THIRD LETTER: Flexion (F), Extension (E), Patient Left (L), Patient Right (R), or Neutral (N) view.
 XTP = Cross table prone. XTS = Cross table supine. LTM = Less than minimum motion threshold. See Quantitative Definitions page of this report package for further definition and reference thresholds. See Endnotes page for all footnotes.

VMA™ Report Cervical Alert Thresholds



PATIENT: **Pre-To-Post #2, Post-Op** PATIENT ID: **2346** DOB: **09/09/1978** STUDY DATE: **9/29/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58007**
 ACCESSION No: **2346** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Statera** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

A. EXCESSIVE TRANSLATION BETWEEN VIEWS

| | UNITS | BORDERLINE | NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|------------------|----------------|
| C3/C4 | % | $12 \leq X < 22$ | $X \geq 22$ |
| | mm | $2 \leq X < 3.5$ | $X \geq 3.5$ |
| C4/C5 | % | $12 \leq X < 22$ | $X \geq 22$ |
| | mm | $2 \leq X < 3.5$ | $X \geq 3.5$ |
| C5/C6 | % | $12 \leq X < 22$ | $X \geq 22$ |
| | mm | $2 \leq X < 3.5$ | $X \geq 3.5$ |
| C6/C7 | % | $12 \leq X < 22$ | $X \geq 22$ |
| | mm | $2 \leq X < 3.5$ | $X \geq 3.5$ |

B. EXCESSIVE ANGULATION: MAXIMUM DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VIEWS

| | UNITS | BORDERLINE | NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| C0/C1 | Deg. | $7.9^\circ \leq X < 8^\circ$ | $X \geq 8^\circ$ |
| C1/C2 | Deg. | $10.9^\circ \leq X < 11^\circ$ | $X \geq 11^\circ$ |
| C2/C3 | Deg. | $10.9^\circ \leq X < 11^\circ$ | $X \geq 11^\circ$ |
| C3/C4 | Deg. | $10.9^\circ \leq X < 11^\circ$ | $X \geq 11^\circ$ |
| C4/C5 | Deg. | $10.9^\circ \leq X < 11^\circ$ | $X \geq 11^\circ$ |
| C5/C6 | Deg. | $10.9^\circ \leq X < 11^\circ$ | $X \geq 11^\circ$ |
| C6/C7 | Deg. | $10.9^\circ \leq X < 11^\circ$ | $X \geq 11^\circ$ |

C. MAL-ALIGNMENT* (SUBLUXATION)

| | UNITS | BORDERLINE | NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|------------------|----------------|
| C3/C4 | % | $12 \leq X < 22$ | $22 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $2 \leq X < 3.5$ | $3.5 \leq X$ |
| C4/C5 | % | $12 \leq X < 22$ | $22 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $2 \leq X < 3.5$ | $3.5 \leq X$ |
| C5/C6 | % | $12 \leq X < 22$ | $22 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $2 \leq X < 3.5$ | $3.5 \leq X$ |
| C6/C7 | % | $12 \leq X < 22$ | $22 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $2 \leq X < 3.5$ | $3.5 \leq X$ |

D. MISCELLANEOUS ALERTS

| THRESHOLD TYPE | ALERT LEVEL |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Residual Motion at Fused Level | ON |
| False Negative | ON |

F. LESS THAN MINIMUM MOTION THRESHOLD (LTM)

| THRESHOLD TYPE | LTM THRESHOLD |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Uncontrolled Angulation LTM (deg.) | $x < 5^\circ$ |
| Controlled Angulation LTM (deg.) | $x < 5^\circ$ |
| Subluxation LTM (%) | $x < 5\%$ |
| Instability LTM (%) | $x < 5\%$ |

*NOTE: Mal-alignment (listhesis) and excessive translation between views (instability) alerts are triggered if a patient's measure value exceeds either the mm or % value. % is percent of inferior vertebral body sagittal plane depth.

THRESHOLDS WERE CONFIGURED BY: DEMO, STATERA

PATIENT: **Pre-To-Post #2, Post-Op** PATIENT ID: **2346** DOB: **09/09/1978** STUDY DATE: **9/29/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58007**
ACCESSION No: **2346** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **Demo, Statera** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

1. Maximum translation values In Any View are measured across all sagittal plane views. Translation is measured using the Meyerding method, and provided in millimeter units [if possible], and also as percent of the inferior vertebral body sagittal-plane depth. Negative values refer to posterior subluxation of the superior vertebral body, positive values refer to anterior subluxation. Subscripts may accompany these values, and when present refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum translation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images (i.e. flexion-extension bending).
2. Change Between Views values represent the maximum pairwise difference in translation for all image pairs possible within the set of up to 6 images (as shown on page), measured in the same millimeters and percent vertebral body depth units as described in (1) above. Subscripts refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum translation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images of flexion/extension bending (i.e. no measurements made from AP-view images of left/right bending).
3. Maximum angulation values are measured using the Frobin method (center plane of vertebral body) across all views, measured in degrees. Subscripts refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum angulation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
4. Centerline disc height is calculated according to the Frobin method, is measured in millimeters, and represents the average of the anterior and posterior disc heights.
5. For fused levels, this is the maximum degrees of intervertebral angulation across the four device assisted bending directions. The icon depicts the specific bending mode in which the maximum angulation was observed. "n/a" is returned for all non-fusion levels.
6. Translation is measured using the Meyerding method, and provided in millimeter units (if possible). Translation is also provided as a percent of the inferior vertebral body sagittal-plane depth. Negative values refer to posterior subluxation of the superior vertebral body, positive values refer to anterior subluxation. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
7. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between flexion and extension, taken from controlled, device-assisted cervical bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
8. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between flexion and extension, taken from uncontrolled patient cervical bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
9. This is the sum of the C2-C6 or C2-C7 motion, measured between the two end ranges (full flexion to full extension). Values are only provided if there are measurements at each level. Note that the sum of each level's angulation may be greater than the overall mobility, as overall mobility is measured between the two end ranges, while segmental mobility is measured as the maximum value observed at any point during the bend.
10. Visual Analog Scale (VAS) Pain scores were collected from patient during testing. Separate scores were collected for neck (axial) vs. extremity (radiculopathy) pain.
11. Download IFU: <https://portal.wenzelspine.com/Mdportal/GetIFU>
12. To order user manual, please contact Wenzel Spine at (512) 469-0600 or compliance@wenzelspine.com.

Vertebral Motion Analysis™ XR Report



PATIENT: **Way, Scott** PATIENT ID: **001604514** DOB: **11/23/1971** STUDY DATE: **7/19/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58889**
ACCESSION No: **29692875** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

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- ⚠ WARNING:** Inadequate tracking of vertebral bodies across radiographic images can lead to erroneous results. Image data and template placement must be reviewed prior to accepting any measurement results. If any templates are found to be incorrectly placed on vertebral bodies, any associated measurements should not be utilized in clinical decision making. These images are provided in the front section of the printed report, prior to the quantitative data.
- ⚠ WARNING:** When being viewed on a computer, a diagnostic-quality image review workstation should be used

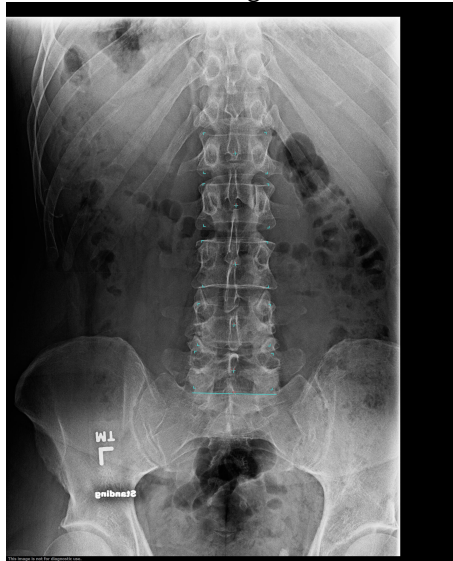
VMA™ Report **Uncontrolled Bending End Range AP Views**



(Standing)

PATIENT: **Way, Scott** PATIENT ID: **001604514** DOB: **11/23/1971** STUDY DATE: **7/19/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58889**
ACCESSION No: **29692875** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

Uncontrolled Standing A-P Neutral



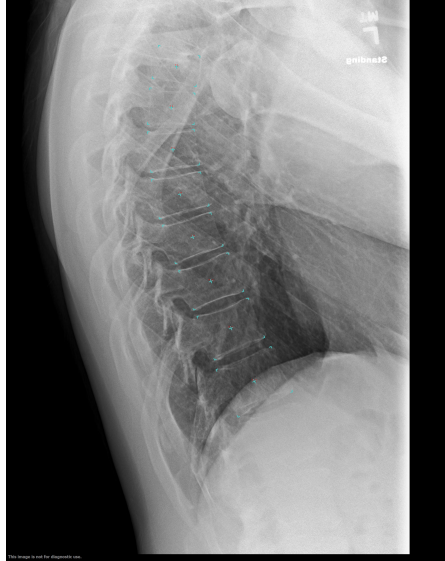
VMA™ Report **Uncontrolled Lateral Views**

PATIENT: **Way, Scott** PATIENT ID: **001604514** DOB: **11/23/1971** STUDY DATE: **7/19/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58889**
ACCESSION No: **29692875** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

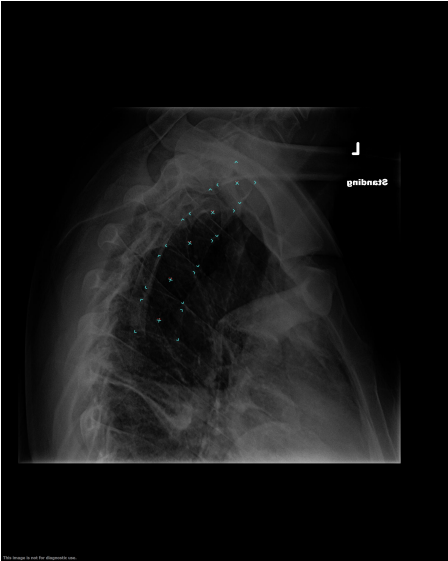
Uncontrolled XR



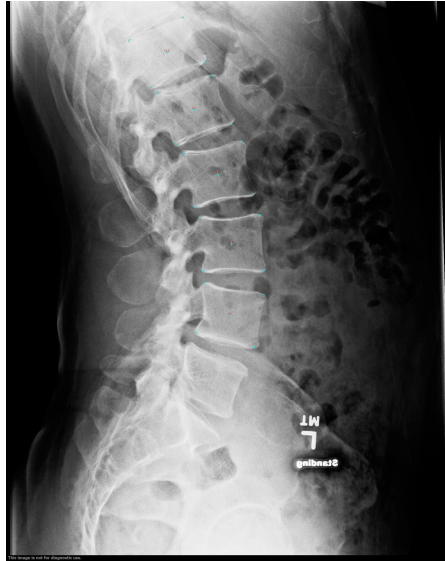
Uncontrolled XR



Uncontrolled XR



Uncontrolled XR

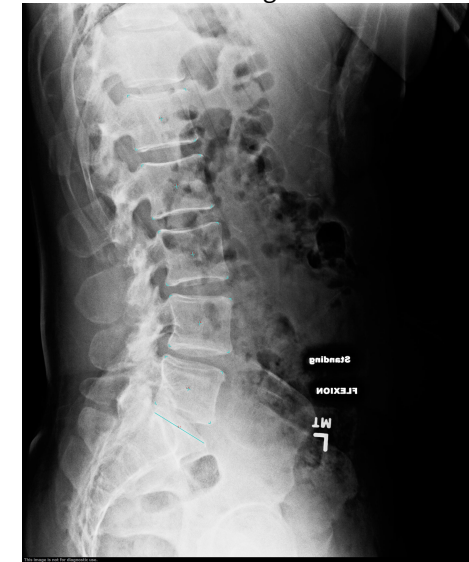


VMA™ Report **Uncontrolled Bending End Range Lateral Views**

(Standing)

PATIENT: **Way, Scott** PATIENT ID: **001604514** DOB: **11/23/1971** STUDY DATE: **7/19/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58889**
ACCESSION No: **29692875** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

Uncontrolled Standing Flexion



Uncontrolled Standing Extension



Statera Spine Demo

110 Wild Basin Rd suite 250 Phone:(512) 334-5490



Profile-ESP™ Report Motion & Alignment

PATIENT: **Way, Scott** PATIENT ID: **001604514** DOB: **11/23/1971** STUDY DATE: **7/19/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58889**
 ACCESSION No: **29692875** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

SAGITTAL ALIGNMENT MEASUREMENTS

| | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| C2-C7 SVA | | |
| C2-S1 SVA | | |
| C7-S1 SVA | | |
| PI-LL | 0° | Measures the difference between Pelvic Incidence (Pelvic Tilt + Sacral Slope) and lumbar segment lordosis. [Ref. range: -10 to 10] |
| Pelvic Incidence | 60° | |
| Pelvic Tilt | 18° | |
| Thoracic Kyphosis | ▲ -51° | |
| Lumbar Lordosis | 60° | |
| TPA ¹ | ▲ 13° | [Ref. range: 24.7 to 51.7] |
| CTPA ¹ | 4° | Cervico-thoracic pelvic angle measures the angle between the line from the centroid of C2 to the femoral heads and the line from the femoral heads to the centroid of T1. [Ref. range: 2.2 to 6.8] |

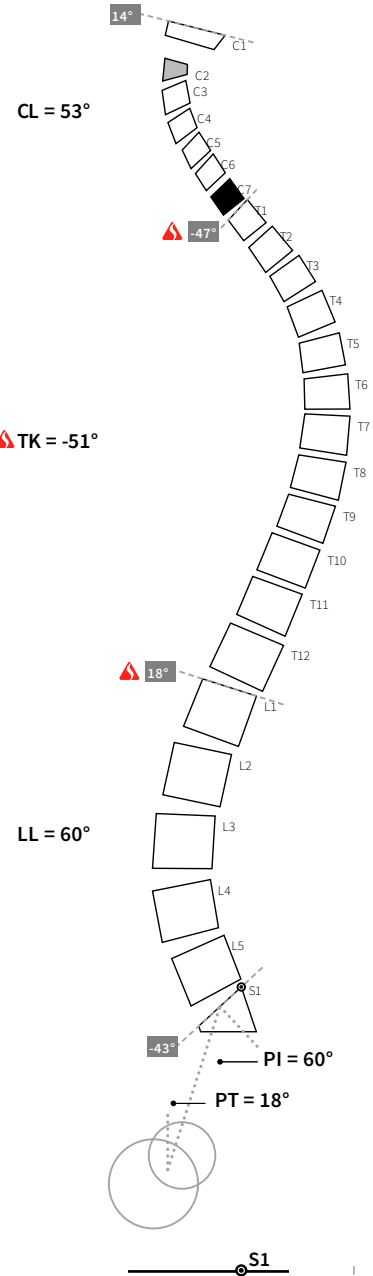
¹ TPA = Thoraco Pelvic Angle; CTPA = Cervical TPA

MOTION MEASUREMENTS

| | Listhesis / Offset | Translation | Disc Height | Angulation F/E (ROM) ² | Angulation L/R (ROM) ² |
|-------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| L1/L2 | -9% | N/R | N/R | 14° | N/R |
| L2/L3 | -8% | N/R | N/R | 8° | N/R |
| L3/L4 | -6% | N/R | N/R | 2° | N/R |
| L4/L5 | 5% | N/R | N/R | 1° | N/R |
| L5/S1 | -9% | N/R | N/R | 5° | N/R |

² ROM = Range of Motion; F/E = Flexion/Extension; L/R = Left/Right
 L/R bend ROM data is pulled from the Left and Right bend films only.

NOTES: L1-S1 Regional range of motion (bending range) = 28 deg.



▲ = Potential sagittal alignment issue

N/A = Not Applicable (no image data collected)
 N/R = No Result (no measurement was possible)

VMA Version: 3.1.1/3.1.1.0

Report created on
 4/1/2022 9:25:45 PM CST
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VMA™ Report Lumbar Alert Thresholds



PATIENT: **Way, Scott** PATIENT ID: **001604514** DOB: **11/23/1971** STUDY DATE: **7/19/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58889**
 ACCESSION No: **29692875** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

A. EXCESSIVE TRANSLATION BETWEEN VIEWS

| | UNITS | BORDERLINE | NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|--------------------|----------------|
| L1/L2 | % | $12 \leq X < 14$ | $X \geq 14$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L2/L3 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L3/L4 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L4/L5 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |
| L5/S1 | % | $12 \leq X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| | mm | $4 \leq X < 4.5$ | $X \geq 4.5$ |

B. EXCESSIVE ANGULATION: MAXIMUM DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VIEWS

| | UNITS | BORDERLINE | NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| L1/L2 | Deg. | $15^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L2/L3 | Deg. | $15^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L3/L4 | Deg. | $15^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L4/L5 | Deg. | $20^\circ \leq X < 22^\circ$ | $X \geq 22^\circ$ |
| L5/S1 | Deg. | $22^\circ \leq X < 26^\circ$ | $X \geq 26^\circ$ |

C. MAL-ALIGNMENT* (LISTHESIS)

| | UNITS | BORDERLINE | NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------|-------|--------------------|----------------|
| L1/L2 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L2/L3 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L3/L4 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L4/L5 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |
| L5/S1 | % | $13 \leq X < 25$ | $25 \leq X$ |
| | mm | $4.4 \leq X < 8.3$ | $8.3 \leq X$ |

D. MISCELLANEOUS ALERTS

| THRESHOLD TYPE | ALERT LEVEL |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Residual Motion at Fused Level | ON |
| False Negative | ON |

F. LESS THAN MINIMUM MOTION THRESHOLD (LTM)

| THRESHOLD TYPE | LTM THRESHOLD |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Uncontrolled Angulation LTM (deg.) | $x < 5^\circ$ |
| Controlled Angulation LTM (deg.) | $x < 5^\circ$ |
| Subluxation LTM (%) | $x < 5\%$ |
| Instability LTM (%) | $x < 5\%$ |

***NOTE:** Mal-alignment (listhesis) and excessive translation between views (instability) alerts are triggered if a patient's measure value exceeds either the mm or % value. % is percent of inferior vertebral body sagittal plane depth.

THRESHOLDS WERE CONFIGURED BY: G MALCOLMSON, OKI_ADMIN_MD

VMA™ Report XR Alert Thresholds



PATIENT: **Way, Scott** PATIENT ID: **001604514** DOB: **11/23/1971** STUDY DATE: **7/19/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58889**
 ACCESSION No: **29692875** PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN: **G Malcolmson, OKI_Admin_MD** TEST CENTER: **Statera Spine Demo**

| | UNITS | ● NON-BORDERLINE | NORMAL | ● NON-BORDERLINE |
|-------------------------------------|-------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| CL | Deg. | $X \leq$ | $< X <$ | $X \geq$ |
| LL | Deg. | $X \leq$ | $< X <$ | $X \geq$ |
| PT | Deg. | $X \leq$ | $< X <$ | $X \geq$ |
| PI | Deg. | $X \leq$ | $< X <$ | $X \geq$ |
| PI-LL | Deg. | $X \leq -10$ | $-10 < X < 10$ | $X \geq 10$ |
| C1 Slope | Deg. | $X \leq$ | $< X <$ | $X \geq$ |
| T1 Slope | Deg. | $X \leq -32.1$ | $-32.1 < X < -19.3$ | $X \geq -19.3$ |
| L1 Slope | Deg. | $X \leq 3.5$ | $3.5 < X < 13.5$ | $X \geq 13.5$ |
| S1 Slope | Deg. | $X \leq -51.3$ | $-51.3 < X < -31.3$ | $X \geq -31.3$ |
| Thoraco-Pelvic Angle | Deg. | $X \leq 24.7$ | $24.7 < X < 51.7$ | $X \geq 51.7$ |
| Cervico-Thoraco-Lumbar Pelvic Angle | Deg. | $X \leq 2.2$ | $2.2 < X < 6.8$ | $X \geq 6.8$ |
| Thoracic Kyphosis | Deg. | $X \leq -43.2$ | $-43.2 < X < -8.8$ | $X \geq -8.8$ |
| C2-C7 SVA | mm | $X \leq 11$ | $11 < X < 63$ | $X \geq 63$ |
| C2-S1 SVA | mm | $X \leq 8$ | $8 < X < 40$ | $X \geq 40$ |
| C7-S1 SVA | mm | $X \leq -20$ | $-20 < X < 20$ | $X \geq 20$ |

***NOTE:** Mal-alignment (listhesis) and excessive translation between views (instability) alerts are triggered if a patient's measure value exceeds either the mm or % value. % is percent of inferior vertebral body sagittal plane depth.

THRESHOLDS WERE CONFIGURED BY: G MALCOLMSON, OKI_ADMIN_MD

PATIENT: **Way, Scott** PATIENT ID: **001604514** DOB: **11/23/1971** STUDY DATE: **7/19/2019** IMAGING EVENT ID: **58889**
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1. Maximum translation values In Any View are measured across all sagittal plane views. Translation is measured using the Meyerding method, and provided in millimeter units [if possible], and also as percent of the inferior vertebral body sagittal-plane depth. Negative values refer to retrolisthesis, positive values refer to spondylolisthesis. Subscripts may accompany these values, and when present refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum translation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images (i.e. only for flexion extension bending).
2. Change Between Views values represent the maximum pairwise difference in translation for all image pairs possible within the set of up to 11 images (as shown on page), measured in the same millimeters and percent vertebral body depth units as described in (1) above. Subscripts refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum translation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images of flexion/extension bending (i.e. no measurements made from AP-view images of left/right bending).
3. Maximum angulation values are measured using the Frobin method (center plane of vertebral body) across all views, measured in degrees. Subscripts refer to the specific view(s) from which the maximum angulation values were observed (see KEY on page). Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
4. Disc height is calculated according to the Frobin method and is measured in millimeters. Centerline disc height represents the average of the anterior and posterior disc heights.
5. For fusion levels, maximum confirmable angulation, measured in degrees, represents the maximum continuous angulation observed in any single cine imaging sequence, and may differ from the ROM values reported in other columns on this page.
6. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between flexion and extension, taken from controlled, device-assisted lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
7. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between flexion and extension, taken from uncontrolled patient lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
8. This is the sum of the L1-S1 motion, measured between the two end ranges (full flexion to full extension). Values are only provided if there are measurements at each level. Note that the sum of each level's angulation may be greater than the overall mobility, as overall mobility is measured between the two end ranges, while segmental mobility is measured as the maximum value observed at any point during the bend.
9. Visual Analog Scale (VAS) Pain scores were collected from patient during testing. Separate scores were collected for leg (below the belt) vs. back (above the belt) pain.
10. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between left and right, taken from controlled patient lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
11. Degrees of Intervertebral Range of Motion (angulation) observed between left and right, taken from uncontrolled, device-assisted lumbar bending. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels.
12. This is the sum of the L1-S1 motion, measured between the two end ranges (full left to full right). Values are only provided if there are measurements at each level. Note that the sum of each level's angulation may be greater than the overall mobility, as overall mobility is measured between the two end ranges, while segmental mobility is measured as the maximum value observed at any point during the bend.
13. The measurements of PI, SS, PT and LL come from an analysis of the lateral x-ray with the patient weight bearing in the neutral posture. The diagram is based on the same dataset.
14. Translation is measured using the Meyerding method, and provided in millimeter units [if possible], and also as percent of the inferior vertebral body sagittal-plane depth. Negative values refer to retrolisthesis, positive values refer to spondylolisthesis. Values are only returned for non-fusion levels and only for lateral-view images (e.g. flexion extension bending).
15. Lordosis Angle data table values are calculated as the angle between the inferior end plate of the cephalad vertebral body and the superior endplate of the caudal vertebral body.
16. Download IFU: <https://portal.wenzelspine.com/Mdportal/GetIFU>
17. To order user manual, please contact Wenzel Spine at (512) 469-0600 or compliance@wenzelspine.com.

DEMO



110 Wild Basin Rd
suite 250
Austin, TX, 78746

Lumbar Motion X-ray Report :

Patient Name: Spondy, Steve **Study Date:**
DOB: 03/03/1982 9/29/2019
MR Number: 1563124 **Accession Number:** 19820303
Prescriber: Demo, Statera **Image Event Id:** 58010

Technique:

Radiologic interpretation is provided for images aggregated from two image sets. Seven views of the Lumbar spine and one view of the lateral pelvis were captured during patient free-bending, specifically three lateral plain views (flexion, extension, neutral) and three anterior/posterior plain views (neutral, bending to patient left, bending to patient right) and a lateral view of the pelvis including femoral heads. Live fluoroscopic cine imaging was additionally captured and recorded during a set of eight device-assisted Lumbar spine bending routines. A total dose of N/A was recorded for the fluoroscopic imaging.

Findings:

L1/L2: Max sagittal mal-alignment (listhesis): Does not exceed reference limits (-2.2 mm/ -7%)
Max sagittal translation between views (instability): **EVIDENCE OF INSTABILITY (EXCESSIVE TRANSLATION)** (4.5 mm/ 14%)
Max angulation between views: **EVIDENCE OF BORDERLINE INSTABILITY (EXCESSIVE ANGULATION)** (flex/ext: 15 degrees)
Disc Height: (9.2 mm)

L2/L3: Max sagittal mal-alignment (listhesis): Does not exceed reference limits (-2.7 mm/ -8%)
Max sagittal translation between views (instability): Does not exceed reference limits (3.7 mm/ 11%)
Max angulation between views: **EVIDENCE OF BORDERLINE INSTABILITY (EXCESSIVE ANGULATION)** (flex/ext: 18 degrees)
Disc Height: (8.7 mm)

L3/L4: Max sagittal mal-alignment (listhesis): Does not exceed reference limits (-3.3 mm/ -9%)
Max sagittal translation between views (instability): Does not exceed reference limits (2.8 mm/ 8%)
Max angulation between views: Does not exceed reference limits (flex/ext: 14 degrees)
Disc Height: (9.3 mm)

L4/L5: Max sagittal mal-alignment (listhesis): Does not exceed reference limits (-3.7 mm/ -10%)
Max sagittal translation between views (instability): Does not exceed reference limits (2.9 mm/ 8%)
Max angulation between views: Does not exceed reference limits (flex/ext: 11 degrees)
Disc Height: (12.3 mm)

L5/S1: Max sagittal mal-alignment (listhesis): **EVIDENCE OF GRADE 1 ANTEROLISTHESIS** (7.5 mm/ 20%)
Max sagittal translation between views (instability): **EVIDENCE OF BORDERLINE INSTABILITY (EXCESSIVE TRANSLATION)** (4.1 mm / 11%)
Max angulation between views: Does not exceed reference limits (flex/ext: 10 degrees)
Disc Height: (7.2 mm)

Sagittal Alignment Data: PI-LL= -1°
LL= 50°; SS= 33°; PT= 17°; PI= 50°

Note: Reported motion values for a level represent the maximum of motion measured during any bend. Units of “%” refer to percent vertebral body

depth of the inferior adjacent vertebral body. LTM stands for Less Than Minimum motion in angulation.

Impression:

There is **INSTABILITY (EXCESSIVE TRANSLATION)** (4.5 mm/ 14%) at L1/L2.

There is **BORDERLINE INSTABILITY (EXCESSIVE ANGULATION)** (15 degrees) at L1/L2.

There is **BORDERLINE INSTABILITY (EXCESSIVE ANGULATION)** (18 degrees) at L2/L3.

There is **EVIDENCE OF GRADE 1 ANTEROLISTHESIS** (7.5 mm/ 20%) at L5/S1 with **EVIDENCE OF BORDERLINE INSTABILITY (EXCESSIVE TRANSLATION)** at L5/S1 (4.1 mm/ 11%)

At all other imaged levels, no other motion anomalies were detected.

At all other imaged levels, no other motion anomalies were detected. The images in this study were exclusively analyzed for motion assessment and sagittal alignment of the lumbar spine. Radiographic assessment beyond this motion analysis was not performed.

Digitally Signed by: Statera Demo, on 02/22/2021 at 23:18 CST